

University of Massachusetts, Amherst  
Department of Civil & Environmental Engineering  
CEE 630: Advanced Solid Mechanics (Fall 2009)

**Homework #3: Due October 2**

**Problem 1:** A recent computer simulation I ran yielded the following engineering stress/strain data points for a simulated uniaxial tension test on a steel foam material I am working on:  $\sigma = [0 \ 11 \ 15 \ 19 \ 23 \ 28]$ ,  $\epsilon = [0 \ 1 \ 9 \ 49 \ 99 \ 199] \times 10^{-3}$ . Calculate the true stress and strain, and plot the engineering and true values on the same set of axes. Comment on your results.

**Problem 2:** 2.24

**Problem 3:** 2.36 Part (a) only. **Hint:** To obtain the displacements you must integrate the strains according to the strain-displacement equations. The strains can be obtained easily from the provided stresses. Be careful when integrating the strains because the strains and displacements are functions of 2 variables. Therefore, when you do indefinite integration, you don't get a constant of integration, but rather a function of another variable. For example,  $\int x^2 y dx = yx^3/3 + f(y)$ , where  $f(y)$  is an unknown function. After integrating the strains you will need to use other conditions on the strains to evaluate the unknown functions of integration.

**Problem 4:** Any stress tensor can be transformed to a coordinate system where its component matrix is diagonal, for example, in 2D,

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

with the diagonal entries the principal stresses or eigenvalues. Answer the following questions about this state of stress:

- If  $\sigma_1 \neq \sigma_2$  what are the principal directions?
- If  $\sigma_1 = \sigma_2$ , write out the stress transformation expression for finding  $\sigma_{x'}$ . Comment on your result.
- Again, for  $\sigma_1 = \sigma_2$  determine the principal directions. Comment on your result.

**Problem 5:** Approximately how many hours did you spend on this assignment?